

The modern port automate the mooring handling

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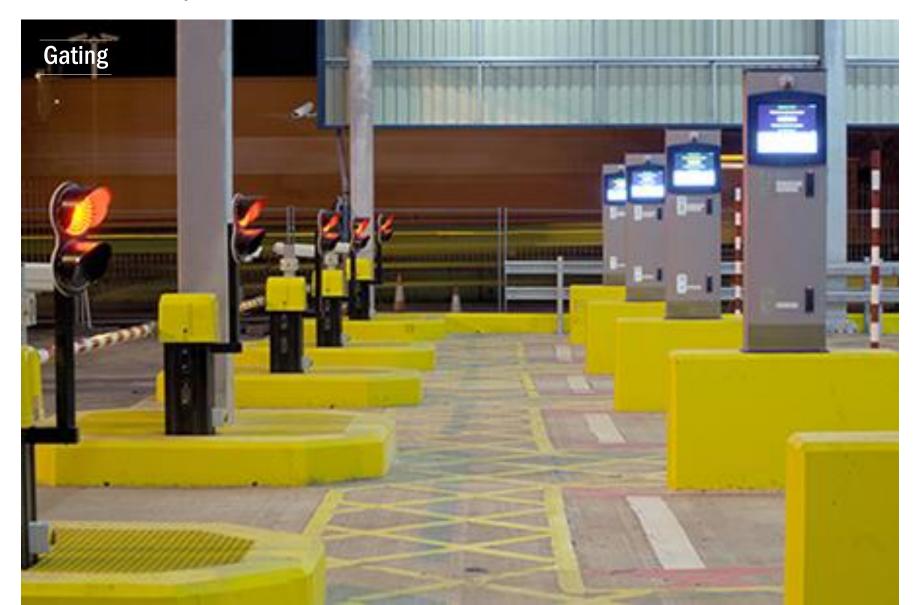
Automated vacuum mooring

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Ports & Maritime



Automation in the industry



Ports & Maritime



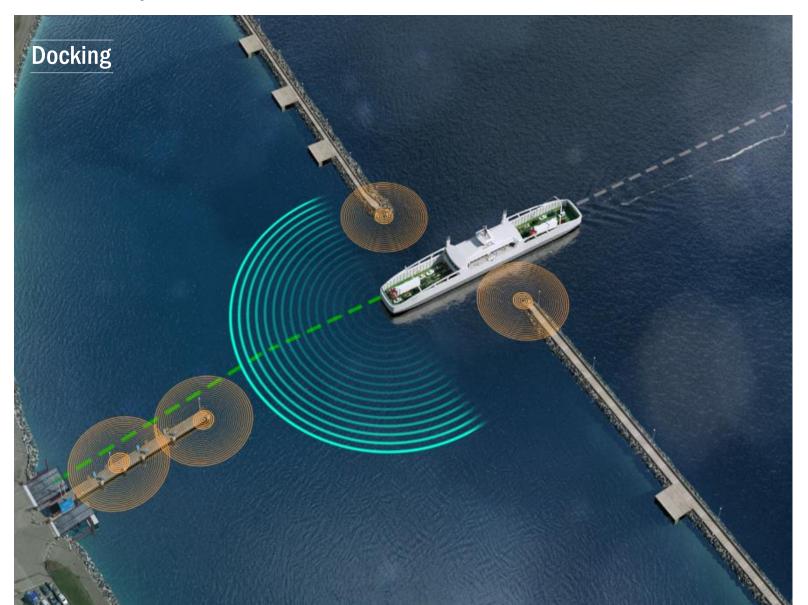
Automation in the industry



Ports & Maritime



Automation in the industry



The modern port automate the mooring handling



Automation in the industry

Mooring

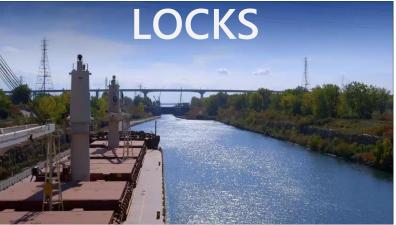












MoorMaster™ automated mooring



References

More than 300
MoorMaster™ units in service
at some 100 unique sites
worldwide by 2020.

MoorMaster™
systems have
successfully completed
more than 500,000
automated mooring operations
to Q4 2018. By 2020,
approximately 500,000 such
operations will be made
each year.

- Port of Salalah, Oman (5 installations).
- Port of Beirut, Lebanon
- Port of Nggura, South Africa
- Port Hedland, Australia
- Port of Narvik, Norway
- 2 ferry terminals for Samsø Rederi, Denmark
- 4 ferry terminals for Faergen, Denmark
- Ports of Melbourne & Devonport, Australia
- Port of Marlborough, New Zealand
- Port of Wellington, New Zealand
- Ferry terminal for Teso, Netherlands
- 2 ferry terminals for Norled, Norway
- 2 ferry terminals for Fjord1, Norway
- 2 ferry terminals for Finferries, Finland
- Port of Helsinki, Finland
- 2 ferry terminals for Wightlink, UK
- 2 ferry terminals for Newfoundland and Labrador ferries, Canada
- Brisbane, Australia
- Great Lakes, Canada & USA
- US Navy, USA
- Connect LNG, Norway



- 4 ferry terminals for Sør Trøndelag Kommune, Norway Expected operation Q1-19
- 6 ferry terminals for Fjord1, Norway Expected operation Q1-19
- 3 ferry terminals for Aeroe Ferries, Denmark Expected operation Q2-19
- 6 ferry terminals for Boreal Sjø, Norway Expected operation Q4-19
- 24 ferry terminals for Fjord1, Norway Expected operation Q1-20
- 5 ferry terminals for Ontario Transport Expected operation Q2-20



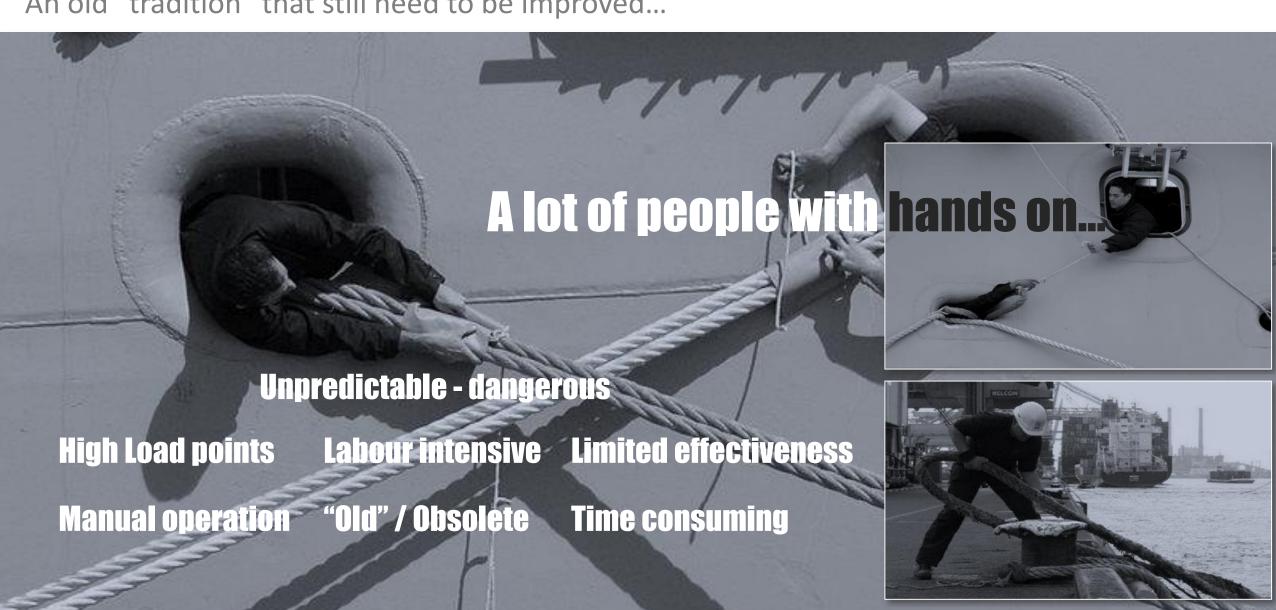


Automated vs conventional

Conventional mooring



An old "tradition" that still need to be improved...





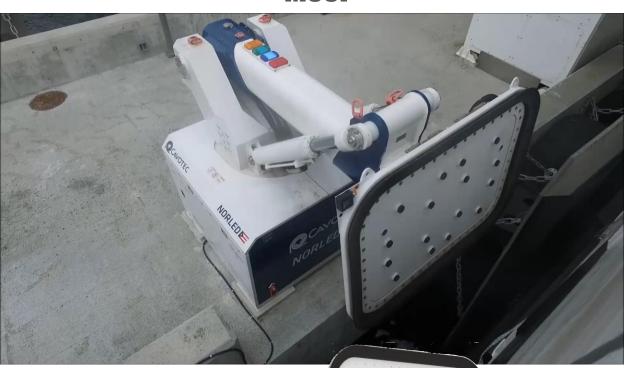


How it works



The time it takes...

MOOT 25-30 sec



20t holding power



Detach 10-15 sec











MoorMaster™ automated mooring



Large vacuum pads instead of mooring lines

20t holding power





MoorMaster™

- Steel construction
- Neoprene rubber seal
- Effective sealing area = 2.55m²
- Suction force = 20 tonnes
- 26mm lip to seal around obstructions
- Tested by DNV







- Surface must be relatively flat
- Seal will adapt to minor obstructions
- Vacuum accumulator
- 10-20 minutes of attachment on poor surface in case of power failure



MoorMaster™ - Range of motion & Forces

HOLD

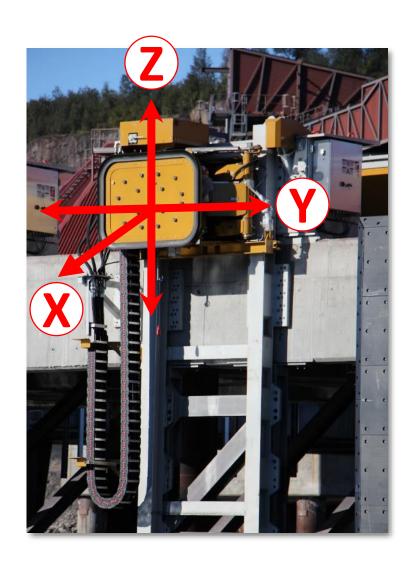
- In-Out motion ("X" axle perpendicular to berth)
 - Mechanically limited / range dependent on linkage geometry
 - Movement beyond mechanical limit will result in decoupling
 - Max strength at 80% vacuum : 20 tons per pad

DAMPEN WHARP REPOSITION

- Left-Right motion ("Y" axle parallel to berth)
 - Range dependent on linkage geometry
 - Movement beyond mechanical limit will result in decoupling
 - Max strength at 80% vacuum : 10 tons per pad

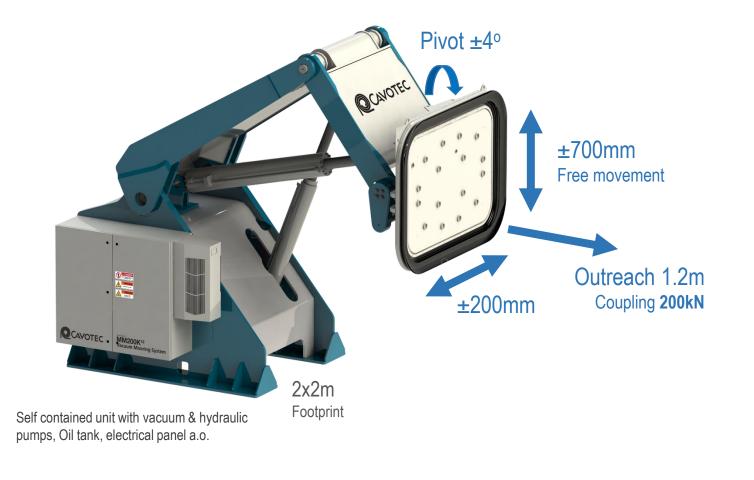
FREE NEUTRAL

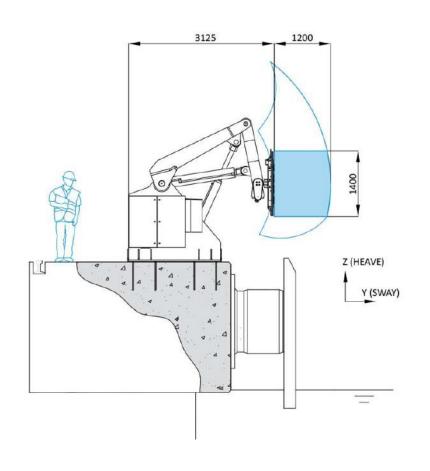
- Up-Down motion ("Z" axle vertical to berth)
 - Unlimited with 'stepping'
 - Vertical rails length depending on various factors





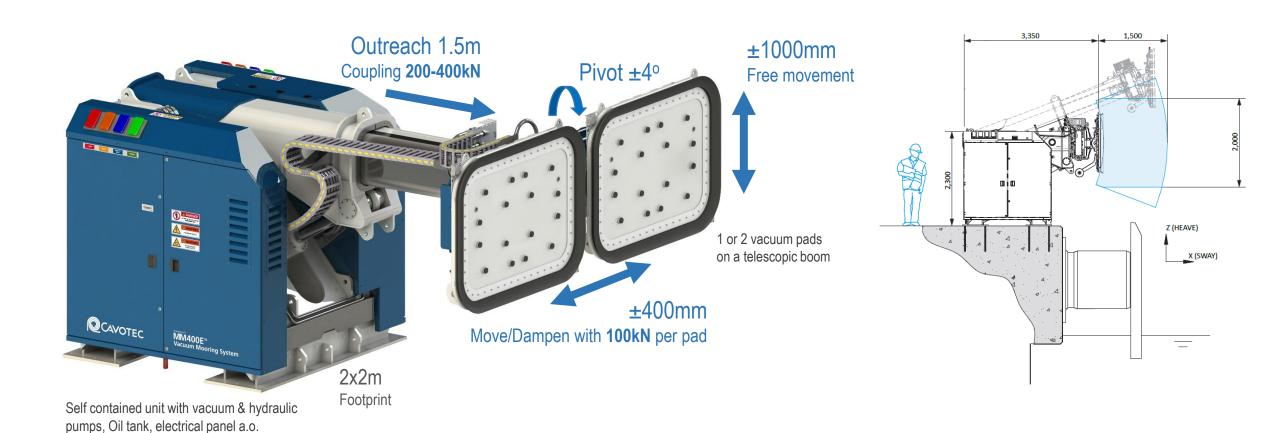
MoorMaster™ - a typical TOP-mounted unit





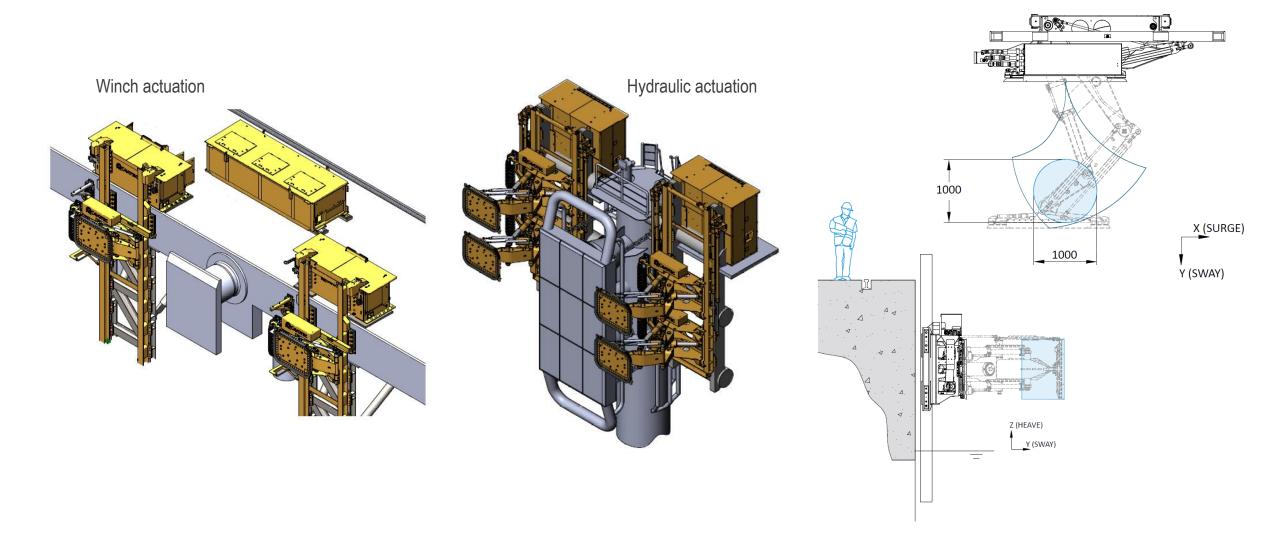


MoorMaster™ - a typical TOP-mounted unit

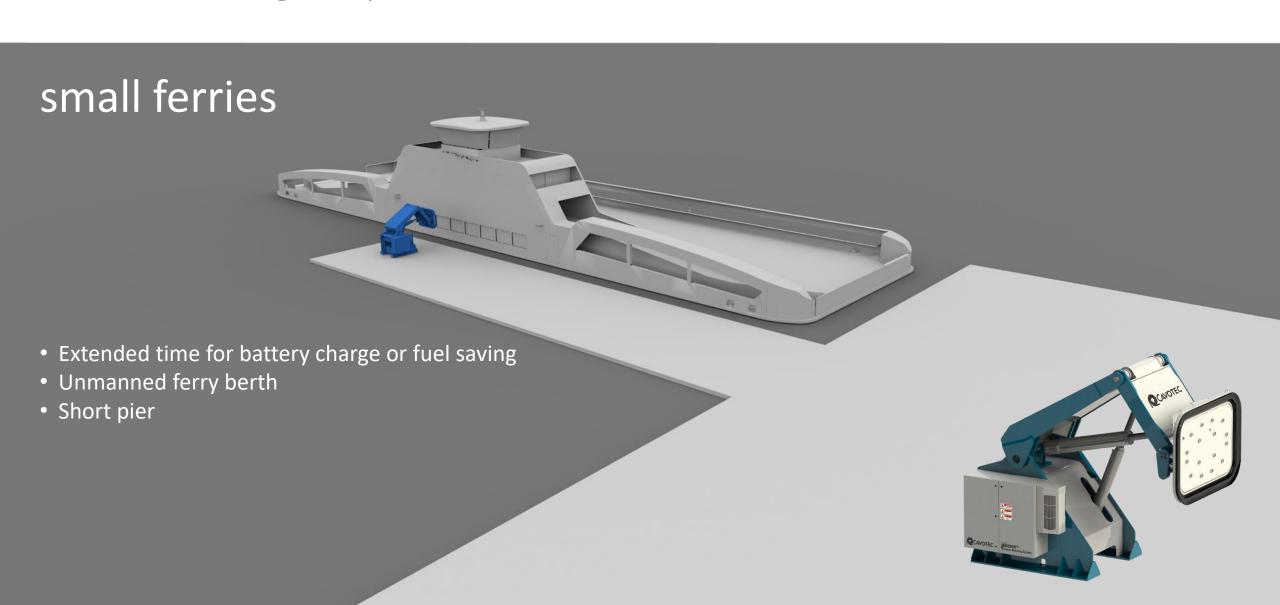




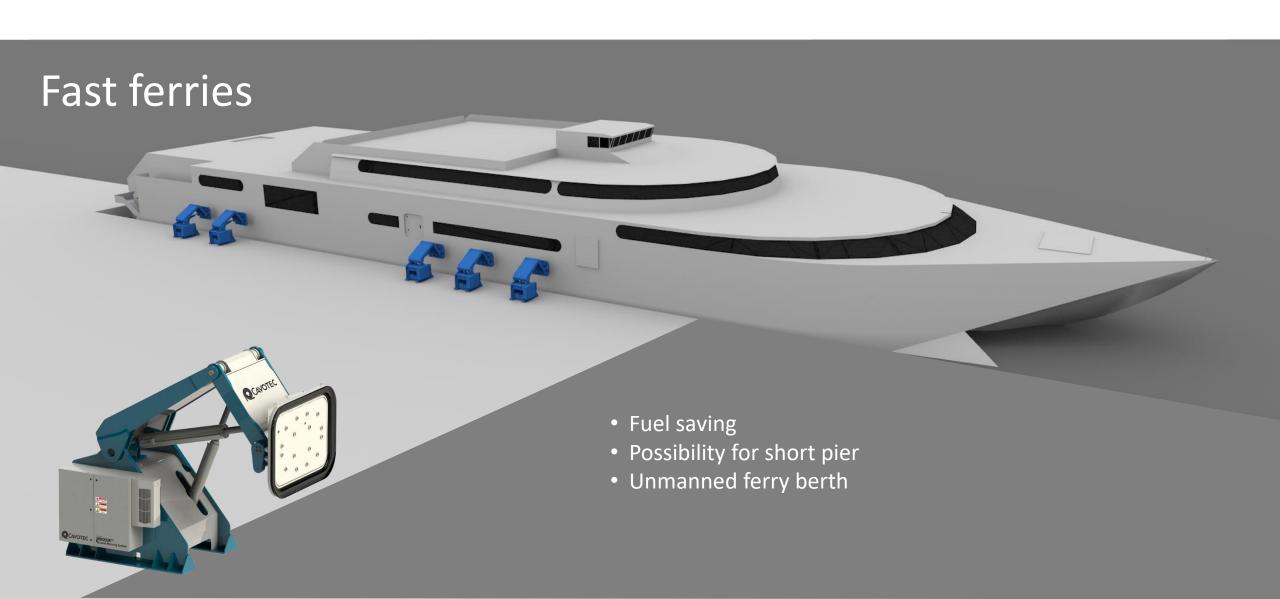
MoorMaster™ - a typical FRONT-mounted unit



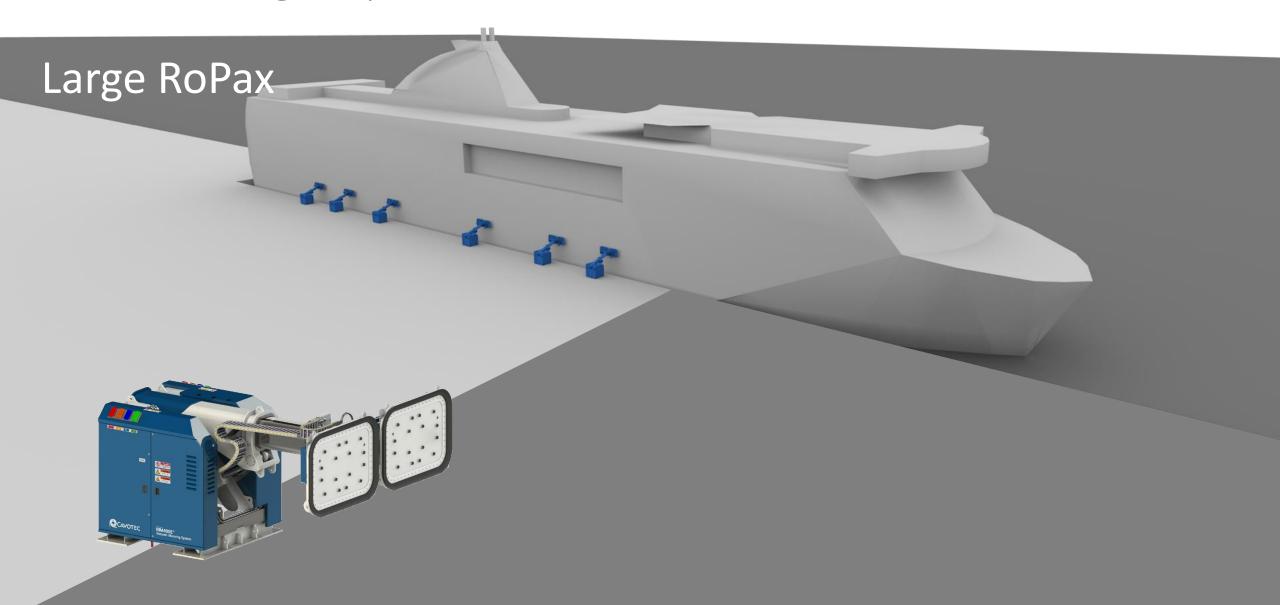




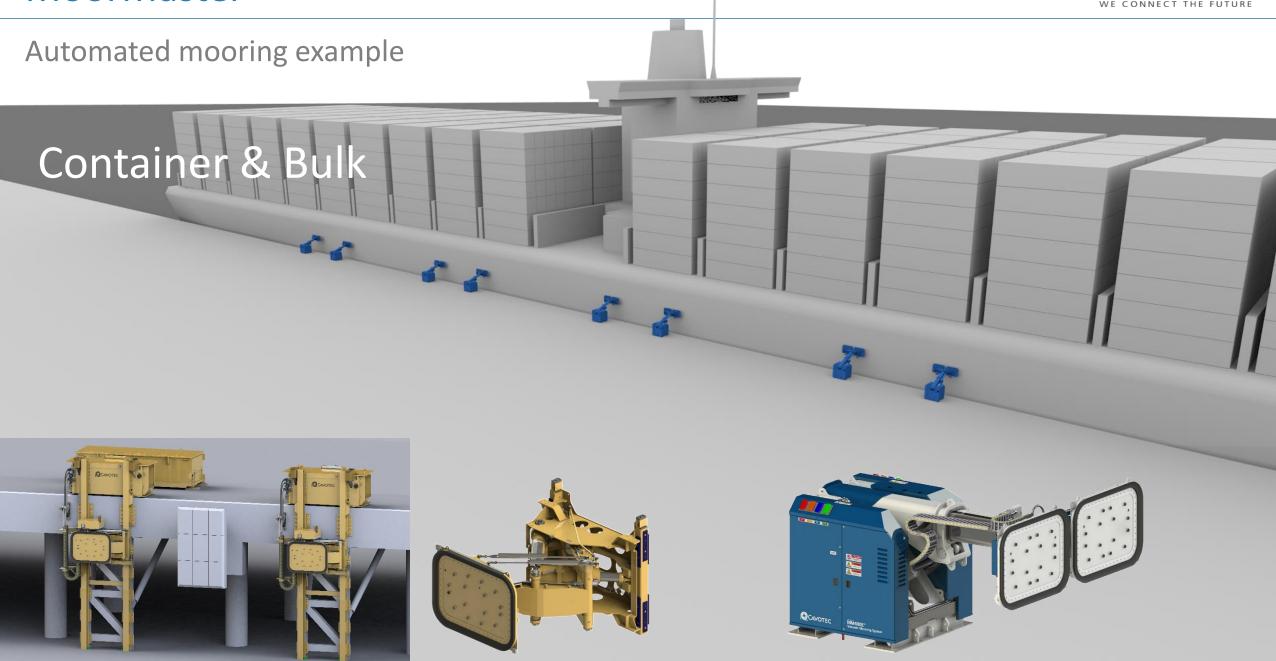




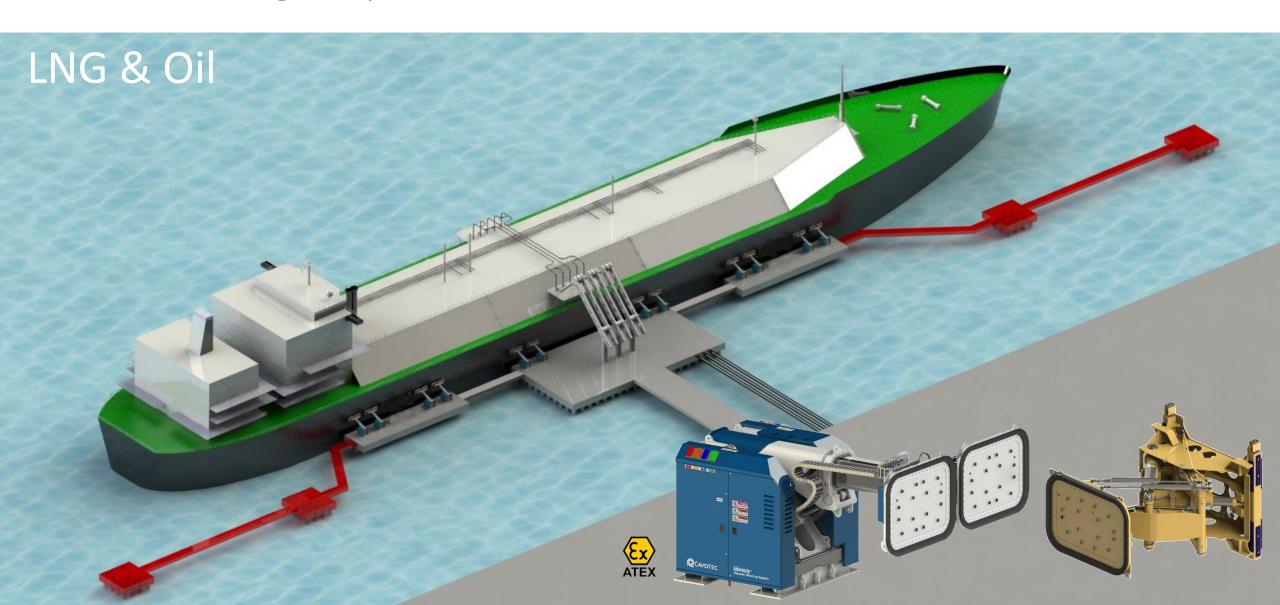














Operational features & benefits



Operational features and benefits

Automation

DETECTION & RTM

SHIP OFF FENDER LINE

TIDAL/DRAFT ADAPTION

MOTION DAMPENING Surge, Sway & Yaw

PARKING

Control

REMOTE

STATUS, TRENDS & LOGS

CRITICAL ALARMS

Time

MOORING ~ 30 seconds

REPOSITIONING ~ 10-15 seconds

DETACH ~ 10 seconds

Staff

1 Operator



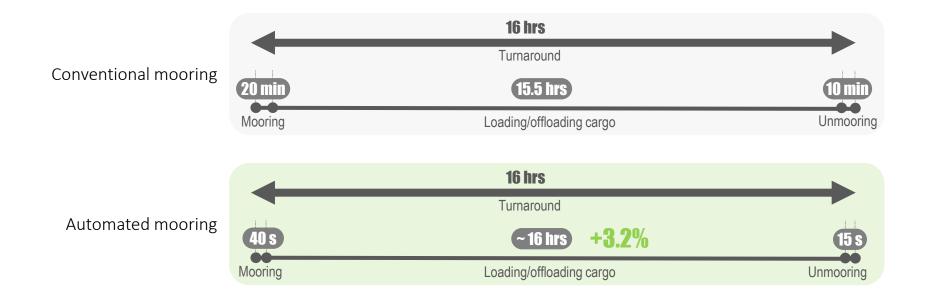


Time benefits - Ferry example





Time benefits - Container terminals





Other benefits

Environment











Other benefits

Infrastructure

Virtual quay









Breakwater









Other benefits

Maintenance











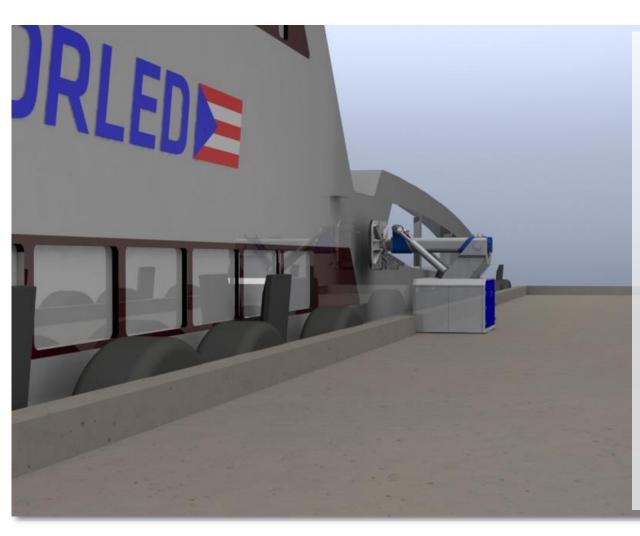


What it takes...

MoorMaster™ automated mooring



What it takes to get automated

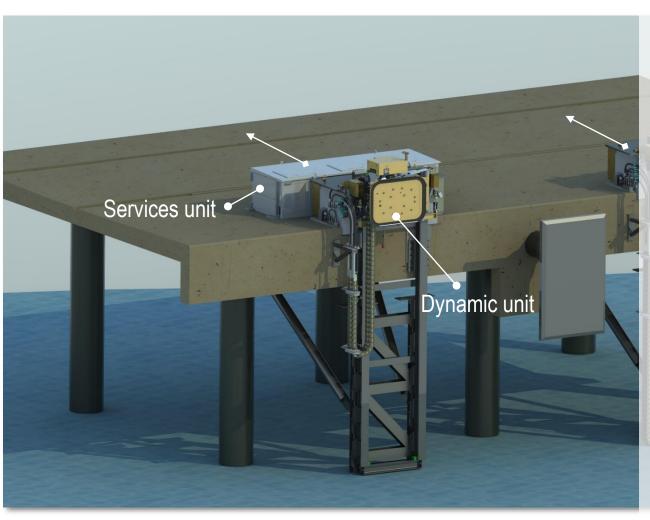


- Self-contained units
- Secure the quay is strong enough to handle MoorMaster™ forces
 A foundation might be needed
- Drilling of holes for chemical anchors. Grouting of feet.
- Lifting & mounting of units
- Supply of
 - o Power cables to each unit (20-32kW)
 - o Fiber optic cables between units
 - o Internet cable to 1 unit
- Control equipment
 - o Ferries: Mount onboard
 - o Other: SCADA, Tough pad
- Optional equipment
 - o Weather station, Cameras, Back-up generators etc.

MoorMaster™ automated mooring



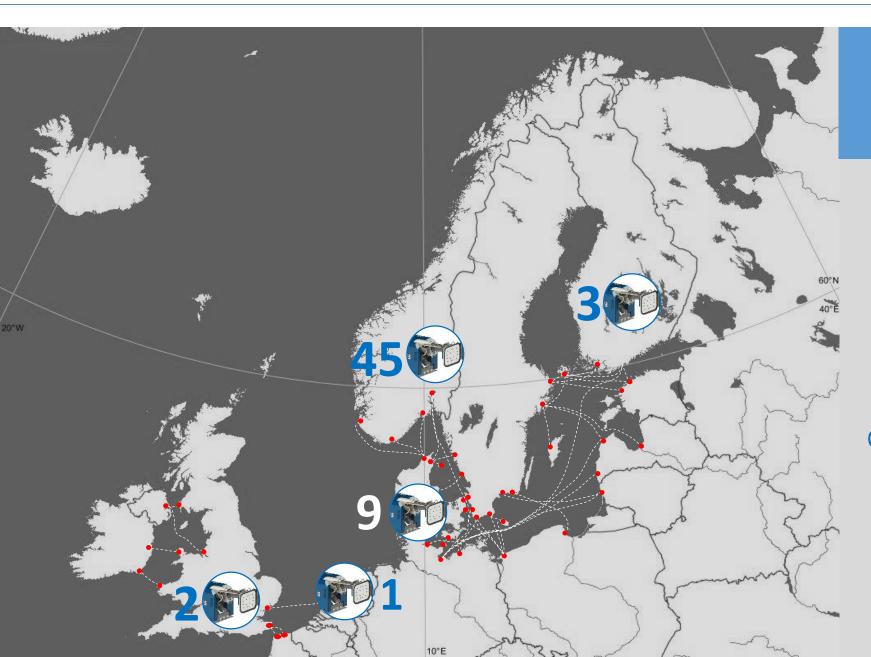
What it takes to get automated



- Dynamic unit separated from Services unit
- Secure the quay is strong enough to handle
 MoorMaster™ forces
- Mounting of vertical rails. Drilling of holes for chemical anchors. Grouting of feet. Mounting of services units
- Lifting & mounting of dynamic units
- Supply of
 - o Power cables to each unit (30-50kW)
 - o Fiber optic cables between units
 - o Internet cable to 1 unit
- Control equipment
 - o Ferries: Mount onboard
 - o Other: SCADA, Tough pad
- Optional equipment
 - Weather station, Control room, Cameras, Back-up generators etc.

MoorMaster™ sites - North Europe





60 sites

91 MoorMaster™ machines in total

+50 sites Potentially with positive ROI

Denmark - Sweden/Norway

Germany - Scandinavia/Baltics

Sweden - Baltics

Poland - Sweden

UK - France

MoorMaster[™] automated mooring



Why automate the mooring

The good reason could be:

- Congestion
- Turnaround issues
- New infrastructure plans
- Safety issues
- Environmental targets



Ready for a change ?!

Thank you for your attention



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- LARGER VESSELS at short Jetty
- Elimination vessel motion caused by PASSING SHIPS
- Automated WHARPING
- Improved personnel SAFETY
- Increased CARGO THROUGHPUT









- VESSEL SURGE reduced
- Improved container handling EFFICIENCY
- Only ONE OPERATOR for mooring handling
- Less PILOT & TUG time needed
- BREAKWATER construction avoided











- Saved valuable PROJECT TIME
- Improved PERSONNEL SAFETY
- Reduced VESSEL MOTIONS









- More CHARGING TIME
- ACCURACY of ferry position
- Faster TURNAROUND TIME
- No need of SHORE CREW







- INFRASTRUCTURE COST savings from short berths
- NO SHORE CREW needed
- Reduction of SHIP CREW
- Faster TURNAROUND TIME
- Less rope & winch MAINTENANCE







- Better UTILIZATION of shore CREW
- Excellent SERVICE for their clients, the ferry lines
- Improved personnel SAFETY
- **EU FUNDING** (Automation)











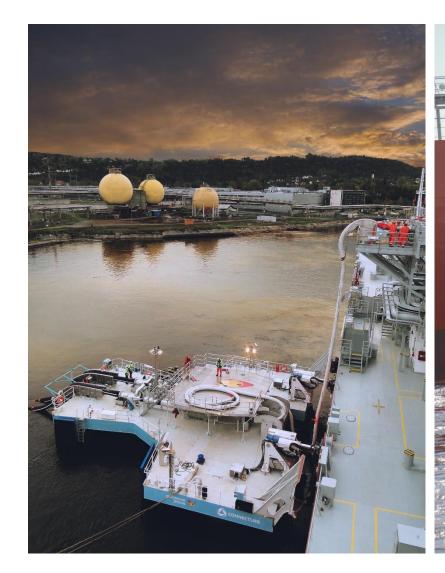
- ONE MOORING OPERATOR instead of 3
- FLEXIBILITY improvement
- Faster TURNAROUND TIME
- Improved personnel SAFETY



MoorMaster[™] automated mooring



SHIP TO SHIP - CLNG, Norway





Automated vacuum mooring



What you get



What you get

IMPROVED COMPETITIVENESS

- Improved efficiency
- Highest Safety standard
- Reduced Engine time
- Improved berth flexibility



What you get

MORE TIME for

- Loading/unloading cargo
- Recovering delays
- Utilization of shore & ship crew
- Throughput capacity



What you get

REDUCED RISKS for

- Personnel Safety & port Security
- Ground personnel dependence
- Time table delays
- Infrastructure damages
- Environment



Extra for questions...



What if there is a power cut?

- The typical duration of the vacuum pads still to hold on to the vessel is between
 15 minutes and 15 hours dependent on the vacuum seal against the hull
- The control system continues to monitor system and sound alarms as it has UPS back power on the control system.
- System hydraulics and vacuum systems do not operate.
- Where the power grid is considered a significant risk, a back-up generator should be employed.



Are the vacuum pads leaking?

- The efficiency of the seal is related to surface condition and the efficiency of the couple.
- A poor seal will mean that vacuum pumps may run continuously or start up frequently to maintain pre-set vacuum levels.



Do you still need fenders?

- Yes
- Conventional fenders are required for absorbing berthing loads



Does the ship needs strengthening?

- Few ships need any reinforcement
- However, steel structures with a thickness below 10mm should be examined more closely
- Note that the force exerted on the hull by MoorMaster™ is never more than 1
 atmosphere and therefore less than that from fenders



What is the back-up?

- Same as with conventional mooring methods:
 - Switch on thrusters or
 - > Call on tug assistance or
 - > Leave the berth